COURSE OUTLINE

CRISIS INTERVENTION

PSYC 315

Prepared By: Dr. Wayne Nadler
Updated By: Jennifer Waite, LMSW, HS-BCP, August 2013
Reviewed and Revised By: Jennifer Waite, LMSW, HS-BCP, CASAC, April 2015
A. **TITLE:** CRISIS INTERVENTION

B. **COURSE NUMBER:** PSYC 315

C. **CREDIT HOURS:** 3

D. **WRITING INTENSIVE COURSE:** Yes

E. **COURSE LENGTH:** 15 weeks

F. **SEMESTER(S) OFFERED:** Spring

G. **HOURS OF LECTURE, LABORATORY, RECITATION, TUTORIAL, ACTIVITY:**
   3 lecture hours per week

H. **CATALOG DESCRIPTION:** This course introduces students to the most common types of crisis events arising in settings such as the hospital emergency room, community mental health center, community hotline, correctional facilities, and police services. It provides knowledge of the major assessment methods and models of intervention appropriate to the setting. There is also an emphasis on special groups including the development and treatment of crises with children and adolescents, college students, Native Americans, victims of violence, victims of disaster or terrorism, and vicarious trauma experienced by care-givers. Students will learn through case studies, readings, group activities and role-play experiences.

I. **PRE-REQUISITES/CO-REQUISITES:**
   a. Pre-requisite(s): Psyc 220 or Psyc 225 or Psyc 275 or permission of instructor
   b. Co-requisite(s): none

J. **GOALS (STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES):**
By the end of this course, the student will be able to:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Objective</th>
<th>Institutional SLO</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Describe the nature of crises; the common structure and the specific variations according to setting and cause.</td>
<td>3. Prof. Competence</td>
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<td>b. Understand the characteristics of unique groups who are vulnerable to crises</td>
<td>2. Crit. Thinking 3. Prof. Competence</td>
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<td>d. Discuss the main models of crisis intervention</td>
<td>1. Communication 3. Prof. Competence</td>
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<tr>
<td>e. Understand the basics of crisis intervention</td>
<td>2. Crit. Thinking 3. Prof. Competence</td>
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K. **TEXT:**


L. **REFERENCES:**


M. **EQUIPMENT:** Technology enhanced classroom

N. **GRADING METHOD:** Based on 100 points, 90-100 = A, 86-89 = B+, 80-85 = B, 76-79 = C+, 70-75 = C, 66-69 = D+, 60-65 = D, 59 and below = F

O. **MEASUREMENT CRITERIA/METHODS:**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Criteria/Methods</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Class Participation</td>
<td>20%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Written Assignments</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Midterm Exam</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Exam</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral Presentation</td>
<td>5%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Crisis Project</td>
<td>10%</td>
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P. **DETAILED COURSE OUTLINE:** (must use the outline format listed below)

I. Introduction

A. What is a Crisis?
   a. Define factors that make up a crisis state
   b. What is a precipitating event?
   c. How does a person’s perception of the event relate to the experience of crises
   d. How does a crisis evolve to lead to decline of functioning and failure of usual coping strategies
   e. Review Caplan’s model of effective coping

B. The History of Crisis Intervention
   a. Wellesley Project
   b. Development of treatment model specifically for CI by Caplan and Lindemann
   c. Development of CI treatment services from 1940 to present
   d. Contribution of theoretical models and how they fit into the ABC model of CI
II. Ethical and Professional Issues

A. Fundamental Reasons for Ethics in the Field of CI

B. Essential Ethical Guidelines
   a. Dual relationship
   b. Confidentiality
   c. Need for Supervision and Training
   d. Countertransference
   e. Paraprofessionals

C. Scope of Practice

D. Burnout

III. The ABC Model of Crisis Intervention: Theory & Practice

A. Each dimension of the model considered in detail

B. How to identify the nature of the crisis
   a. Identifying the precipitating events
   b. Exploring cognitions
   c. Assess subjective distress and impairments in functioning
   d. Assess for ethical concerns

C. Interventions
   a. Listening skills
   b. Educational comments
   c. Empowerment Strategies
   d. Reframes
   e. Support/validation
   f. Exploring coping ideas and strategies
   g. How to terminate a session

IV. Crises Presenting a Danger to Oneself

A. Learning about suicide
   a. What leads to suicide
   b. What are the risk factors and signs
   c. How to conduct a suicide risk assessment

B. Other forms of risk of harm to oneself
   a. What is self-mutilation
   b. What are the causes of self-mutilation
   c. Understand when psychosis forms a risk to oneself or others
   d. The risks posed by delirium and dementia
   e. Review the Mental Status Exam

V. Cultural Sensitivity in Crisis Intervention

A. A model for learning how to become culturally sensitive
B. Special populations to consider
   a. Latinos
   b. African-Americans
   c. Asian-Americans
   d. Gay, Lesbian and Transgendered

VI. Developmental Crises
   A. Overview of Erickson’s stages of development and implications for crises
   B. Overview of Minuchin’s evolutilional model of family development and
      implications for crises
   C. Specific crises of adolescents including pregnancy, runaways, gangs and
      eating disorders
   D. Case vignettes for Role Playing

VII. Crises Involving Loss
   A. Overview of stages of death and dying according to Elizabeth Kubler-Ross
   B. Worden’s tasks of mourning
   C. Case vignettes for Role Playing

VIII. PTSD, Community Disasters and Trauma Response
   A. Defining and understanding PTSD
   B. Causes of PTSD
      a. Combat
      b. War
      c. Natural disasters
      d. Manmade disasters
      e. Personal victimization
   C. Working with PTSD
      a. Critical incident debriefing
      b. Monitoring
      c. Referral
      d. Specific PTSD treatments; CBT, EMDR, Narrative therapy

IX. Crises of Personal Victimization (Child abuse, spousal abuse, sexual assault)
   A. Prevalence, descriptions and general facts concerning child abuse, intimate
      partner abuse and rape
   B. Syndromes arising from these forms of victimization
      a. Child abuse accommodation syndrome
      b. Battered women’s syndrome
c. rape trauma syndrome

C. The Battering Cycle

D. Elder abuse

E. Issues for Batterers and Abusive Parents

F. Intervention strategies for the specific form of victimization

G. Case vignettes for Role Playing

X. Crises Related to Substance Abuse

   A. Addiction Overview
   
   B. Models of Addiction Treatment
   
   C. Dealing with the Immediate Crisis and Referral
   
   H. Addiction and the Family
   
   I. Case vignettes for Role Playing

XI. Crises in Reaction to Serious Illness and Disabilities

   A. Terminal Illness and Severe Disability
   
   B. Intrapersonal and Interpersonal Dynamics
      a. HIV/AIDS
      b. Palliative Care and the Hospice
      c. Injuries (MVA, Work, Head Injuries)
      d. Alzheimer’s type disease
   
   C. Case vignettes for Role Playing

Q. LABORATORY OUTLINE: N/A