STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY CANTON, NEW YORK



MASTER SYLLABUS

GMMD 420 – Animation Techniques

Created by: Christopher S. Sweeney Updated by: Kathleen Mahoney

- A. TITLE: Animation Techniques
- B. COURSE NUMBER: GMMD 420
- C. CREDIT HOURS: (Hours of Lecture, Laboratory, Recitation, Tutorial, Activity)

Credit Hours: 3
Lecture Hours: 3 per week
Lab Hours: per week
Other: per week

Course Length: 15 Weeks

- **D.** WRITING INTENSIVE COURSE: No
- **E. GER CATEGORY:**
- F. SEMESTER(S) OFFERED: Fall/Spring

G. COURSE DESCRIPTION:

This course develops an overview of the techniques and history of 2D and 3D animation, including stop-motion and tweened animation. Students engage in hands-on projects involving the development of hand-drawn and computer-generated animation. Emphasis is placed on understanding the place of animation in the context of the film, television, internet, and gaming industries, project management, and the development of a personal animation style.

H. PRE-REQUISITES/CO-REQUISITES:

- a. Pre-requisite(s): GMMD 331 Digital Illustration and Typography, GMMD 412 Experimental Digital Video or GMMD 303 Experimental Digital Photography or permission of instructor
- b. Co-requisite(s):
- c. Pre- or co-requisite(s):

I. STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES:

Course Student Learning Outcome [SLO]	<u>PSLO</u>	<u>GER</u>	<u>ISLO</u>
Integrate theories of narrative, immersion, and character development with analysis of animated products.	PSLO 1 Student assessment addresses composition, form, function, and design.		5
Assess current trends in animation production.	PSLO 1 Student assessment addresses composition, form, function, and design.		5
Compare the immersive qualities of various techniques of animation.	PSLO 7 Demonstrate historical or conceptual knowledge related to art, media, and visual communication.		4 [GL] [IK]
Develop a series of animated characters.	PSLO 6 Student documentation demonstrates awareness of design process (brainstorming, research, problem definition, finalization).		2
Construct a study comparing animated motion to real-life motion.	PSLO 7		4 [GL] [IK]

	Demonstrate historical or conceptual knowledge related to art, media, and visual communication.	
Design and create a variety of animated projects, culminating in a finalized animated short.	PSLO 6 Student documentation demonstrates awareness of design process (brainstorming, research, problem definition, finalization).	4 [GL] [IK]
Evaluate student-and professionally produced multimedia products.	PSLO 1 Student assessment addresses composition, form, function, and design.	5

KEY	Institutional Student Learning Outcomes [ISLO
	<u>1-5]</u>
ISLO	ISLO & Subsets
#	
1	Communication Skills
	Oral [O], Written [W]
2	Critical Thinking
	Critical Analysis [CA] , Inquiry & Analysis [IA] ,
	Problem Solving [PS]
3	Foundational Skills
	Information Management [IM], Quantitative
	Lit,/Reasoning [QTR]
4	Social Responsibility
	Ethical Reasoning [ER], Global Learning [GL],
	Intercultural Knowledge [IK], Teamwork [T]
5	Industry, Professional, Discipline Specific
	Knowledge and Skills

J.	APPLIED LEARNING COMPONENT:	Yes X	No	
•			- 10	

$\mathbf{K}.$ **TEXTS:**

Wells, Paul and Johnny Hardstaff. (2008). Reimagining Animation: The Changing Face of the Moving Image. New York: AVA Books.

L. % <u>REFERENCES</u>:

Beiman, Nancy. (2010). Animated Performance: Bringing Imaginary Animal, Human, and Fantasy Characters to Life. New York: AVA Books

- M. % EQUIPMENT: A/V equipment; Activision's *The Movies* for Windows
- N. % **GRADING METHOD**: A-F

O. % SUGGESTED MEASUREMENT CRITERIA/METHODS:

- character studies
- motion study
- animated short
- historical research/emulation project

P. <u>DETAILED COURSE OUTLINE</u>:

1. History of 2D animation

- a. zoetropes
- b. magic lanterns
- c. thaumatropes
- d. flip books

II. Stop Motion Techniques

- a. claymation
- b. stop motion and special effects

III. Cell Animation and Mattes

- a. keyframes and workflow
- b. interiority and Gertie
- c. Disney, Technicolor, and the 12 principles of animation
- d. rotoscoping
- e. Japanimation

IV. Motion

- a. methods for depicting motion
- b. Alexander technique

V. Combining Animation and Real-life

- a. special effects
- b. animated characters in the real world
- c. real world characters in the toon world

VI. Computer animation and tweening

- a. keyframing
- b. tweening
- c. shape
- d. motion
- e. color
- f. lighting

VI. History of 3D animation

VIII. 3D character modeling and motion

- a. 3D space
- b. primitives
- c. surfacing and ray tracing
- d. lighting and cameras
- e. particle generation
- f. motion capture

Q. <u>LABORATORY OUTLINE</u>:

None