STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY CANTON, NEW YORK



MASTER SYLLABUS

JUST 310 – CAUSES OF CRIME

Revised by: Michelle Currier Updated by: Lisa Colbert

SCHOOL OF SCIENCE, HEALTH AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE CENTER FOR CRIMINAL JUSTICE, INTELLIGENCE AND CYBERSECURITY SPRING 2020 **A. TITLE**: Causes of Crime

B. **COURSE NUMBER:** JUST 310

C. <u>CREDIT HOURS</u>: 3

D. WRITING INTENSIVE COURSE: no

E. GER CATEGORY: NA

F. SEMESTER(S) OFFERED: Fall/Spring

G. <u>COURSE DESCRIPTION</u>: This course introduces various criminological theories to explain the cause of criminal behavior. Specific attention is placed on the primary theorists and the evolution of their corresponding theories and how they relate to current theories associated with biological, psychological, personality, intelligence and gender, and social disorder. Students learn to identify and apply criminological theories to the commission of specific criminal acts. The history of crime and punishment is reviewed, leading to the present day criminal justice system and competing criminological theories.

H. <u>PRE-REQUISITES/CO-REQUISITES:</u>

45 credit hours or permission of instructor

I. STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES:

Student Course Learning	PSLO	GER	ISLO
Outcomes (SLO)			
a. Describe the social and	(2994) 1-apply		1. Communication
historical contexts and	standards of academic		
foundations of	and professional		
criminology	discourse while		
	speaking and writing		
b. Contrast the	(2994) 2-Anlayze and		2. Critical
logic and	evaluate theory and		Thinking
assumptions of	practice in		
various	criminological/criminal		
criminological	justice contexts.		
theories within			
the five dominant			
criminological paradigms			
c. Apply criminological	(2994) 2-Anlayze and		2.Critical Thinking
theory to a range of	evaluate theory and		_
criminal and delinquent	practice in		
behaviors	criminological/criminal		
	iustice contexts.		

KEY	Institutional Student Learning Outcomes [ISLO		
	1-5]		
ISLO	ISLO & Subsets		
#			
1	Communication Skills		
	Oral [O], Written [W]		
2	Critical Thinking		
	Critical Analysis [CA] , Inquiry & Analysis [IA] ,		
	Problem Solving [PS]		
3	Foundational Skills		
	Information Management [IM], Quantitative		
	Lit,/Reasoning [QTR]		
4	Social Responsibility		
	Ethical Reasoning [ER], Global Learning [GL],		
	Intercultural Knowledge [IK], Teamwork [T]		
5	Industry, Professional, Discipline Specific		
	Knowledge and Skills		

J. <u>APPLIED LEARNING COMPONENT:</u>	Yes	Nox
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K. <u>TEXTS:</u> Brown, S.E., Geis, G., & Esbensen, F. (2015). *Criminology: Explaining Crime and its Context*.

New York, NY: Routledge.

(**E-book *free* to students and available via SLLC at https://login.libproxy.canton.edu/login?url=http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?dire ct=true& db=nlebk&AN=1021286&site=eds-live&scope=site&ebv=EK&ppid=Page--31)

- L. <u>REFERENCES</u>: NA
- M. **EQUIPMENT**: NA
- N. **GRADING METHOD:** A-F
- O. <u>SUGGESTED MEASUREMENT CRITERIA/METHODS</u>:
 - -Quizzes
 - -Exams
 - -Papers
 - -Participation

P. <u>DETAILED COURSE OUTLINE</u>:

- I. Foundations for Criminology
 - A. Crime and Criminology
 - B. The Relativity of Law and Crime
 - C. Production of Crime Statistics
 - D. Distribution of Crime
- II. Theories of Crime
 - A. Deterrence and Rational Choice Theories of Crime
 - B. Individual Theories of Crime: A Biosocial Perspective
 - C. Social Structure Theories of Crime
 - D. Social Process Theories of Crime
 - E. Social Reaction Theories of Crime
 - F. Integration and a Life-Course Perspective
- III. Types of Crime
 - A. Violent Crime
 - B. Economic Crime
 - C. Crimes Without Victims and Victims Without Crimes
 - D. Youth Violence

Q. <u>LABORATORY OUTLINE</u>: NA