STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY CANTON, NEW YORK



MASTER SYLLABUS

LPNC 101 Practical Nursing Fundamentals

CIP Code: 51.3901

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SCHOOL OF SCIENCE, HEALTH, AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE
Nursing Department
Fall 2025

- A. TITLE: Practice Nursing Fundamentals
- B. COURSE NUMBER: LPNC101
- C. CREDIT HOURS: 8 credit hours

# Credit Hours per Week	8
# Lecture Hours per Week	3
# Lab Hours per Week	3
Other per Week (Clinical)	12

D. WRITING INTENSIVE COURSE:

Yes	
No	X

E. GER CATEGORY: N/A

F. SEMESTER(S) OFFERED:

Fall	X
Spring	
Fall and Spring	

G. COURSE DESCRIPTION:

This course examines the evolution of nursing including current trends and introduces the health care delivery system to the student. Communication techniques, including documentation, are explored. Legal and ethical considerations, and the role of the LPN within healthcare are examined. Students will be encouraged to utilize the nursing process and critical thinking in providing nursing care to clients who are at various points on the health-illness continuum. In lab, students will develop skills fundamental to the practice of nursing. Lab and theoretical content will be applied in the long-term care setting.

H. CO-REQUISITES:

PRACTICAL NURSING CERTIFICATE STUDENTS ONLY

LPNC 100 Drug Dosage Calculations and Pharmacology BIOL 217 Human Anatomy and Physiology I ENGL 101 Composition and the Spoken Word PSYC 101 Introduction to Psychology

I. STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES:

Course Student Learning Outcome [SLO]	End of Program		
course statem rearming outcome [525]	Student Learning	GER	ISLO & Subsets
	_	G EIN	1010 & 000000
a. Students will be able to apply effective written and oral communication skills to document patient care accurately and convey critical information to the healthcare team and patients.	Outcome [EPSLO] By the end of the Practical Nursing (PN) program, the student will be able to demonstrate effective communication strategies to document and deliver written and oral communications that are developmentally appropriate, culturally sensitive, and comprehensive in conveying all required information to	NA	1 [W, O]
b. Students will be able to apply foundational critical thinking skills and evidence-based practice knowledge to assess patient needs, translate clinical data, and implement appropriate scope of practice nursing intervention.	patients, families, and healthcare team members. By the end of the Practical Nursing (PN) program, the student will be able to utilize critical thinking skills and evidence-based practices to analyze patient data and implement appropriate nursing interventions within the PN scope of practice, ensuring safe and	NA	2 [CA, IA & PS]

	offootive noticet		
	effective patient		
	care.		
c. Students will be able to employ	The PN student will		
foundational nursing process knowledge to	be able to perform		
deliver care that is safe, ethical, and culturally	foundational		
competent.	nursing skills safely		
	by applying basic		
	procedures and		
	techniques,		
	organizing patient		
	care tasks	NA	3 [IM]
	efficiently, and		
	evaluating their		
	performance to		
	ensure accuracy		
	and competency in		
	various clinical		
	settings.		
d. Students will be able to apply nursing	By the end of the		
ethical principles and demonstrate cultural	Practical Nursing		
competence in patient care.	(PN) program, the		
	student will be able		
	to exhibit nursing		
	ethical reasoning,		
	collaborate with		
	multi-disciplinary		
	teams, and		
	demonstrate		
	cultural		
	competence to	NA	4 [ER, IK, & T]
	work effectively		
	with diverse		
	healthcare teams		
	and provide patient		
	care that is		
	respectful,		
	inclusive, and		
	aligned with		
	nursing ethical		
	standards.		
e. Students will be able to apply foundational	The PN student will		
delegation skills by identifying appropriate	manage patient		
tasks to delegate to unlicensed assistive	needs, implement		
personnel.	appropriate	NA	5
	interventions		
	within their scope,		
	evaluate care		

effectiveness, and	
collaborate with	
healthcare teams	
to enhance	
outcomes, all	
within ethical and	
legal practice	
boundaries of the	
PN licensure.	

KEY	Institutional Student Learning Outcomes
	[ISLO 1 – 5]
ISLO#	ISLO & Subsets
1	Communication Skills
	Oral [O], Written [W]
2	Critical Thinking
	Critical Analysis [CA], Inquiry & Analysis [IA] , Problem Solving [PS]
3	Foundational Skills
	Information Management [IM], Quantitative Lit, /Reasoning [QTR]
4	Social Responsibility
	Ethical Reasoning [ER], Global Learning [GL],
	Intercultural Knowledge [IK], Teamwork [T]
5	Industry, Professional, Discipline Specific Knowledge and Skills

J. APPLIED LEARNING COMPONENT:

Yes	X
No	

If yes, select [X] one or more of the following categories:

Classroom / Lab	Х	Community Service	
Internship		Civic Engagement	
Clinical Practicum	Х	Creative Works/Senior Project	
Practicum		Research	
Service Learning		Entrepreneurship [program, class, project]	

- K. TEXTS: ATI Comprehensive Package; Assessment Technologies Institute
- L. REFERENCES: https://www.canton.edu/media/pdf/PN-Handbook.pdf
- M. EQUIPMENT: Technology Enhanced Classroom

N. GRADING METHOD:

Clinical: P/F

Lab and Lecture: A-F A = 90 - 100% B+=85-89%

B = 80 - 84%

C+ = 75 - 79%

C = 70 - 74%

D+=65-69%

D = 60 - 64%

F = 59% and below

NOTE: Student must pass with a C+ and Pass Lab and Clinical to proceed in the program.

NOTE: A grade of C+ or better is required for successful completion of all nursing courses and a grade of C or better is required for all co-requisite courses to continue on in the program.

O. SUGGESTED MEASUREMENT CRITERIA/METHODS:

Written assignments including discussion board and nursing case study analysis.

Formative Exams

Homework Assignments/Quizzes

Standardized Testing (ATI)

Comprehensive Final Exam

Lab Skills Proficiency

Clinical Evaluation

Nursing Simulations

P. DETAILED COURSE OUTLINE:

- I. Management of Care (Safe, Effective Care Environment)
 - A. Health Care Delivery Systems
 - B. The Interprofessional Team
 - C. Ethical Responsibilities
 - D. Legal Responsibilities
 - E. Information Technology
 - F. Delegation and Supervision
 - G. Nursing Process
 - H. Critical Thinking and Clinical Judgment
 - I. Admissions, Transfers, and Discharge
 - II. Safety and Infection Control (Safe, Effective Care Environment)
 - A. Medical and Surgical Asepsis
 - B. Infection Control
 - C. Client Safety
 - D. Home Safety
 - E. Ergonomic Principles
 - III. Nursing Throughout the Lifespan (Health Promotion)
 - A. Health Promotion and Disease Prevention
 - B. Client Education
 - C. Young Adults (20 to 35 years)
 - D. Middle Adults (35 to 65 years)
 - E. Older Adults (65 years and Older)
 - IV. Health Assessment/Data Collection (Health Promotion)
 - A. Data Collection and General Survey
 - B. Vital Signs

- C. Head and Neck
- D. Thorax, Heart, and Abdomen
- E. Integumentary and Peripheral Vascular Systems
- F. Musculoskeletal and Neurosensory Systems
- V. Psychosocial Integrity A. Therapeutic Communication
 - B. Coping
 - C. Self-Concept and Sexuality
 - D. Cultural and Spiritual Nursing Care
 - E. Grief, Loss, and Palliative Care
- VI. Basic Care and Comfort (Physiological Integrity)
 - A. Hygiene
 - B. Rest and Sleep
 - C. Nutrition and Oral Hydration
 - D. Mobility and Immobility
 - E. Pain Management
 - F. Complementary and Alternative Therapies
 - G. Bowel Elimination
 - H. Urinary Elimination
 - I. Sensory Perception
- VII. Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies (Physiological Integrity)
 - A. Pharmacokinetics and Routes of Administration
 - B. Safe Medication Administration and Error Reduction
 - C. Individual Considerations of Medication Administration
- VIII. Reduction of Risk Potential (Physiological Integrity)
 - A. Specimen Collection for Glucose Monitoring
 - B. Airway Management
 - C. Enteral Feedings
- IX. Physiological Adaptation (Physiological Integrity) A. Pressure Injury, Wounds, and Wound Management
 - B. Fluid Imbalances
 - C. Electrolyte Imbalances

Q. LABORATORY OUTLINE:

- I. Infection Control and Isolation
 - A. Performing Hand Hygiene
 - B. Applying Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (Clinical*)
 - C. Removing Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (Clinical*)
 - D. Preparing and Establishing a Sterile Field
 - E. Applying Sterile Gloves
 - F. Removing and Applying Dry Sterile Dressings & wound irrigation
 - G. Obtaining Cultures
- II. Safety and Mobility
 - A. Transferring Clients (Clinical*)
 - B. Assisting with Ambulation (Clinical*)
 - C. Moving and Turning Clients in Bed (Clinical*)
 - D. Using Safe and Effective Transfer Techniques (Clinical*)
 - E. Safe Use of Restraints

- F. Use of Safe Body Mechanics (Clinical*)
- III. Hygiene
 - A. Bathing: Complete Bed Bath (Clinical*)
 - B. Providing Oral Care
 - C. Providing Denture Care
 - D. Providing Perineal Care: Female and Male (Clinical*)
 - E. Providing Foot Care
 - F. Making and Maintaining an Unoccupied Bed (Clinical*)
 - G. Making and Maintaining an Occupied Bed (Clinical*)
 - H. Cleaning and Maintaining Ear and Visual Aids
- IV. Nutrition
 - A. Assisting a Client with Eating
 - B. Administering Enteral Nutrition
 - C. Obtaining a Capillary Blood Sample for Glucose Testing
 - D. Aspiration Precautions
 - E. Intake and Output
 - F. Insulin Pumps
- V. Data Collection
- A. Vital Signs
 - i. Temperature
 - ii. Pulses
 - iii. Blood Pressure
 - iv. Oxygen Saturation
 - v. Respirations
 - vi. Pain
- B. Physical Data Collection
 - i. General Survey
 - ii. Focused Data Collection of Systems
 - iii. Head-to-Toe Data Collection of Systems
- C. Gas Exchange and Oxygenation
 - i. Administering Oxygen
 - ii. Collecting a Sputum Specimen
 - iii. Deep breathing, coughing and leg exercises post-operative
- D. Elimination
 - i. Inserting and Removing an Indwelling

Catheter: Male and Female

- ii. Assisting with Use of a Urinal
- iii Positioning and Removing a Bedpan
- iv. Providing Colostomy and Ostomy Care
- v. Administering Enemas
- vi Obtaining a Urine Specimen from an

Indwelling Catheter

- vi. Obtaining Occult Blood Sample
- vii. Inserting and removing external urinary catheters
- E. Tissue Integrity
 - i. Obtaining a Wound Culture
 - ii. Data Collection for Pressure Ulcer

Development

iii. Emptying wound drainage systems

- v. Treating pressure injuries
- vi. Identifying pressure injuries

F. Medication Administration

- i. Preparing and Administering Oral Medications
- ii. Preparing and administering Ophthalmic Medications
- iii. Preparing and Administering Otic Medications
- iv. Preparing and Administering Nasal Medications
- v. Preparing and Administering Intravaginal Medications
- vi. Preparing and Administering Transdermal Medications
- vii. Preparing and Administering Rectal Medications
- viii. Preparing and Administering Enteral Medications
- ix. Preparing and Administering Metered-Dose Inhaler Medications
- x. Preparing and Administering Subcutaneous Medications
- xi. Preparing and Administering Intradermal Medications
- xii. Preparing and Administering Intramuscular Medications
- xiii. Locating Intramuscular Injection Sites
- xiv. Recapping Needles Using a One-Handed Technique
- xv. Removing Medication from a Vial