

A. General Information

Address Information

Name of College/University:	State University of New York College of Technology at Canton
Mailing Address:	34 Cornell Drive
City/State/Zip/Country:	Canton, NY 13617
Street Address (if different):	
City/State/Zip/Country:	
Main Phone Number:	315-386-7011
WWW Home Page Address:	www.canton.edu
Admissions Phone Number:	315-386-7123
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:	1-800-388-7123
Admissions Office Mailing Address:	34 Cornell Drive
City/State/Zip/Country:	Canton, NY 13617
Admissions Fax Number:	315-386-7929
Admissions E-mail Address:	admissions@canton.edu
If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify:	www.canton.edu/apply
If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:	

Source of institutional control (Check only one):

Public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Private (nonprofit)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Proprietary	<input type="checkbox"/>

Classify your undergraduate institution:

Coeducational college	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Men's college	<input type="checkbox"/>
Women's college	<input type="checkbox"/>

Academic year calendar:

Semester	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Quarter	<input type="checkbox"/>
Trimester	<input type="checkbox"/>
4-1-4	<input type="checkbox"/>
Continuous	<input type="checkbox"/>
Differs by program (describe):	
Other (describe):	

Degrees offered by your institution:

Certificate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Diploma	<input type="checkbox"/>
Associate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Transfer Associate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Terminal Associate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Bachelor's	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Postbachelor's certificate	<input type="checkbox"/>
Master's	<input type="checkbox"/>
Post-master's certificate	<input type="checkbox"/>
Doctoral	<input type="checkbox"/>
First professional	<input type="checkbox"/>
First professional certificate	<input type="checkbox"/>

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2006.

	FULL-TIME		PART-TIME	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	404	360	3	11
Other first-year, degree-seeking	307	329	22	60
All other degree-seeking	334	426	28	66
<i>Total degree-seeking</i>	1,045	1,115	53	137
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	0	0	118	116
<i>Total undergraduates</i>	1,045	1,115	171	253
First-Professional				
First-time, first-professional students				
All other first-professionals				
<i>Total first-professional</i>	0	0	0	0
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time				
All other degree-seeking				
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses				
<i>Total graduate</i>	0	0	0	0
Total all undergraduates				2,584
Total all graduate and professional students				0
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS				2,584

Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2006. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

	Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)
Nonresident aliens	5	9	20
Black, non-Hispanic	79	205	206
American Indian or Alaska Native	8	37	44
Asian or Pacific Islander	5	25	27
Hispanic	39	82	86
White, non-Hispanic	642	1,992	2,201
Race/ethnicity unknown	0	0	0
TOTAL	778	2,350	2,584

Persistence

Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2006

Certificate/diploma	124
Associate degrees	405
Bachelor's degrees	71
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	
Post-Master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2006 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 2000 cohort if available. If fall 2000 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 1999 cohort.

Fall 2000 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2000. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 2000.

Initial 2000 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	9
Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
Final 2000 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	9
Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2004):	5
Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August 31, 2005):	0
Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2005 and by August 31, 2006):	0
Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	5
Six-year graduation rate for 2000 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	56%

Fall 1999 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1999. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1999.

Initial 1999 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	6
Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
Final 1999 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	6
Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2003):	3
Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2003 and by August 31, 2004):	0
Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August 31, 2005):	0
Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	3
Six-year graduation rate for 1999 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	50%

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2003 cohort if available. If 2003 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2002 cohort.

2003 Cohort

Initial 2003 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	710
Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
Final 2003 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	710
Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	5
Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	199
Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	199
Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	206
Total transfers to two-year institutions:	122
Total transfers to four-year institutions:	84

2002 Cohort

Initial 2002 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	677
Of the initial 2002 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
Final 2002 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	677
Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	7
Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	7
Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	197
Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	197
Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	205
Total transfers to two-year institutions:	135
Total transfers to four-year institutions:	70

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2005 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 2005 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2006?	68%
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C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2006. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	1156
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	1067

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	970
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	893

Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	404
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	3

Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	360
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	11

Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

	Yes	No
Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?	x	

If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2006 admissions:

Number of qualified applicants offered a placed on waiting list	10
Number accepting a place on the waiting list	10
Number of wait-listed students admitted	10
Is your waiting list ranked?	No
If yes, do you release that information to students?	
Do you release that information to school counselors?	

Admission Requirements

High school completion requirement

High school diploma is required and GED is accepted	x
High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted	
High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

Require	
Recommend	x
Neither require nor recommend	

Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units		12
English		4
Mathematics		3
Science		3
Of these, units that must be lab		2
Foreign language		1
Social studies		4
History		3
Academic electives		
Other (specify)		

Basis for Selection

Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

Open admission policy as described above for all students	
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but--	
selective admission for out-of-state students	
selective admission to some programs	
other (explain)	

Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic				
Rigor of secondary school record	x			
Class rank		x		
Academic GPA	x			
Standardized test scores			x	
Application Essay			x	
Recommendation(s)			x	
Nonacademic				
Interview			x	
Extracurricular activities			x	
Talent/ability			x	
Character/personal qualities			x	
First generation				x
Alumni/ae relation				x
Geographical residence				x
State residency				x
Religious affiliation/commitment				x
Racial/ethnic status				x
Volunteer work				x
Work experience			x	
Level of applicant's interest				x

SAT and ACT Policies

Entrance exams

	Yes	No
Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants?	x	

If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for **Fall 2008**.

	ADMISSION				
	Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider if Submitted	Not Used
SAT or ACT		x	x		
ACT only					
SAT only					
SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT					
SAT Subject Tests only					

If your institution will make use of the ACT in **admission** decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for **Fall 2008**, please indicate which ONE of the following applies: (regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the admissions process):

ACT with Writing Component required	
ACT with Writing component recommended	
ACT with or without Writing component accepted	x

Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT writing component; check all that apply:

For admission	
For placement	
For advising	
In place of an application essay	
As a validity check on the application essay	
No college policy as of now	
Not using essay component	x

	Yes	No
Does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising?	x	

Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission	
Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission	

If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):

SAT or ACT required of bachelor's degree program applicants. SAT, ACT and SAT Subject test scores are received on a rolling basis.

Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):

SAT	x
ACT	x
SAT Subject Tests	
AP	
CLEP	
Institutional Exam	x
State Exam (specify):	English Regents

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students** enrolled in fall 2006, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2006 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores.** Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores	43%	Number submitting SAT scores	334
Percent submitting ACT scores	14%	Number submitting ACT scores	107

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Critical Reading	390	482.5
SAT Math	400	520
SAT Writing		
SAT Essay		
ACT Composite	17	21
ACT Math		
ACT English		
ACT Writing		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	0.30%	0.30%	
600-699	3.00%	5.70%	
500-599	17.70%	26.60%	
400-499	50.30%	43.70%	
300-399	25.40%	20.70%	
200-299	3.30%	3.00%	
Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	0.00%
	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	0.90%		
24-29	4.70%		
18-23	58.90%		
12-17	35.50%		
6-11	0.00%		
Below 6	0.00%		
Totals should = 100%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	2%	Top half + bottom half = 100%
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	9%	
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	35%	
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	65%	
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	27%	
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted high school class rank:	78%	

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Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	1.30%
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	3.80%
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	6.30%
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	18.90%
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	41.40%
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	27.50%
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	0.80%
Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0.00%
Totals should = 100%	100.00%

Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:	2.75
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA:	92.00%

Admission Policies

Application Fee

	Yes	No
Does your institution have an application fee?	x	
Amount of application fee:	\$40.00	
	Yes	No
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	x	

If you have an application fee and an on-line application option, please

Same fee:	x
Free:	
Reduced:	

	Yes	No
Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need?	x	

Application closing date

	Yes	No
Does your institution have an application closing date?		x
Application closing date (fall):		
Priority date:	3/1	

	Yes	No
Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall?	x	

Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

On a rolling basis beginning (date):	1-Nov
By (date):	
Other:	

Reply policy for admitted applicants *(fill in one only)*

Must reply by (date):	
No set date:	
Must reply by May 1 or within _____ weeks if notified thereafter	4
Other:	
Deadline for housing deposit (MM/DD):	5/1
Amount of housing deposit:	\$55.00
Refundable if student does not enroll?	
Yes, in full	
Yes, in part	
No	x

Deferred admission

	Yes	No
Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?	x	
If yes, maximum period of postponement:	1 year	

Early admission of high school students

	Yes	No
Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation?	x	

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

Early Decision

	Yes	No
Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?		x

Early Action

	Yes	No
Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?		x

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION**Fall Applicants**

	Yes	No
Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no, please skip to Section E)	x	
If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?	x	

Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2006.

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
Men			
Women			
Total	423	307	288

Application for Admission

Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

Fall	x
Winter	
Spring	x
Summer	x

	Yes	No
Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?		x
If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?		

Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
High school transcript	x				
College transcript(s)	x				
Essay or personal statement					x
Interview			x		
Standardized test scores				x	
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)					x

If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	
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If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	2.00
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List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

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List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall	3/15				X
Winter					
Spring	11/1				X
Summer					

	Yes	No
Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?		X

Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:
Transfer student's GPA must meet semester guidelines set for enrolled students.

Transfer Credit Policies

Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:	2.00
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	Number	Unit Type
Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:		

	Number	Unit Type
Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:		

Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:	15.00
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Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:	30.00
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Describe other transfer credit policies:
Courses completed at other institutions transfer only as credits. Letter grades and quality points do not transfer.

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

Accelerated program	
Cooperative education program	
Cross-registration	x
Distance learning	x
Double major	
Dual enrollment	x
English as a Second Language (ESL)	
Exchange student program (domestic)	
External degree program	
Honors Program	
Independent study	x
Internships	x
Liberal arts/career combination	x
Student-designed major	x
Study abroad	
Teacher certification program	
Weekend college	
Other (specify): Criminal Justice Students may complete Police Academy during spring semester of their senior year	x

Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

Arts/fine arts	x
Computer literacy	
English (including composition)	x
Foreign languages	x
History	x
Humanities	x
Mathematics	x
Philosophy	
Sciences (biological or physical)	x
Social science	x
Other (describe): Other Worlds, Western Civilization	x

F. STUDENT LIFE

Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) students and all degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in fall 2006 who fit the following categories:

	First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international / nonresident aliens from the numerator and denominator)	2%	2%
Percent of men who join fraternities	9%	7%
Percent of women who join sororities	6%	5%
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing	83%	41%
Percent who live off campus or commute	17%	60%
Percent of students age 25 and older	5%	20%
Average age of full-time students	19	22
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	20	23

Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

Choral groups	x	Opera	
Concert band		Pep band	
Dance	x	Radio station	x
Drama/theater	x	Student government	x
Jazz band		Student newspaper	x
Literary magazine		Student-run film society	
Marching band		Symphony orchestra	
Music ensembles		Television station	
Musical theater		Yearbook	x

ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
Army ROTC is offered:		x	Clarkson University
Naval ROTC is offered:			
Air Force ROTC is offered:		x	Clarkson University

Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

Coed dorms	x
Men's dorms	
Women's dorms	
Apartments for married students	
Apartments for single students	
Special housing for disabled students	x
Special housing for international students	
Fraternity/sorority housing	
Cooperative housing	
Other housing options (specify):	x
Some floors and wings are all male or all female	

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Provide 2007-2008 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

Check here if your institution's 2007-2008 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2007-2008 academic year costs of attendance will be available:

Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2007-2008 academic year (30 semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	First-Year	Undergraduates
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS Tuition:		
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Tuition: In-district	\$4,350	\$4,350
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-state (out-of-district):		
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Out-of-state:	\$7,210	\$7,210
NONRESIDENT ALIENS Tuition:		
REQUIRED FEES:		
	\$1,308	\$1,228
ROOM AND BOARD:		
(on-campus)	\$8,370	\$8,370
ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)		
BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)		

Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board fees):	
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Other: Four-year, out-of-state tuition is \$10,610 and part-time per credit is \$442. Part-time, online students are charged \$140 per credit hour.

	Minimum	Maximum
Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition	12	

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	Yes	No
Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?		x

If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly:

Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Room only			\$4,750
Board only		\$1,100	\$3,620
Transportation	\$600	\$1,600	\$1,600
Other expenses	\$800	\$800	\$800

Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only)

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	\$181.00
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-state (out-of-district):	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Out-of-state:	\$300.00
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts **awarded** to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (**using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates**) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2005-2006 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2005-2006 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns.** (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

	2006-2007 estimated	2005-2006 final
Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:		x

Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?

Federal methodology (FM)	x
Institutional methodology (IM)	
Both FM and IM	

	Need-based \$ (Include non-need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need-based \$ (Exclude non-need-based aid used to meet need.)
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	\$3,783,116	
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$4,628,147	
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$310,032	
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$281,227	
Total Scholarships/Grants	\$9,002,521	\$0
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$4,212,756	\$4,910,297
Federal Work-Study	\$188,018	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)		
Total Self-Help	\$4,400,774	\$4,910,297
Other		
Parent Loans		\$2,988,546
Tuition Waivers <small>Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.</small>		
Athletic Awards		

Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate
a) Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2006 cohort)			
b) Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid			
c) Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need			
d) Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid			
e) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid			
f) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid			
g) Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid			
h) Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (<u>exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u>)			
i) On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (<u>PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u>)			
j) The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (<u>PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u>)			
k) Average need-based scholarship and grant award of those in line e			
l) Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f			
m) Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan			

Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)			
o) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n			
p) Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant			
q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p			

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Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5, and H5a.

Include:

- * 2006 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2006 who started at your institution as first- time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2006.
- * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- * co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- * those who transferred in.
- * money borrowed at other institutions.

Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	
Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.	
Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4	
Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loan and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line 4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans.	

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:

Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	x
Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	x
Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available	

If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:	
---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:	
------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:	
----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

Institution's own financial aid form	
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	
International Student's Financial Aid Application	
International Student's Certification of Finances	x
Other (specify):	

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:

FAFSA	x
Institution's own financial aid form	
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	
State aid form	x
Noncustodial PROFILE	
Business/Farm Supplement	
Other (specify):	

Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:

Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:	3/15
Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:	
No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):	

Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):

a) Students notified on or about (date):	Yes	No
b) Students notified on a rolling basis:	x	
If yes, starting date:	2/1	

Indicate reply dates:

Students must reply by (date):	
or within _____ weeks of notification.	4.00

Types of Aid Available

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

Loans

FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)

Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans	x
Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans	x
Direct PLUS Loans	x

FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL)

FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans	
FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans	
FFEL PLUS Loans	

Federal Perkins Loans	x
Federal Nursing Loans	
State Loans	
College/university loans from institutional funds	
Other (specify): Alternative Loans	x

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Scholarships and Grants

NEED-BASED:

Federal Pell	X
SEOG	X
State scholarships/grants	X
Private scholarships	X
College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds	X
United Negro College Fund	
Federal Nursing Scholarship	
Other (specify):	

Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

	Non-Need Based	Need-Based
Academics		X
Alumni affiliation		X
Art		
Athletics		
Job skills		
ROTC		
Leadership		X
Minority status		
Music/drama		
Religious affiliation		
State/district residency		X

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2006. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

		Full-time	Part-time
a)	instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
b)	administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
c)	other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
d)	undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
e)	faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
f)	faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
g)	replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

	Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
a) Total number of instructional faculty	100	68	168
b) Total number who are members of minority groups	10	2	12
c) Total number who are women	42	34	76
d) Total number who are men	58	34	92
e) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)			
f) Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal degree	31	2	33
g) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's			
h) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's			
i) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)			
j) Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students			

Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2006 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2006 Student to Faculty ratio	19 to 1	(based on	2301	students
		and	122	faculty).

Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2006 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2006. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

CLASS SECTIONS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
	70	93	147	76	55	19	1	461

CLASS SUB-SECTIONS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
	67	87	44	1				199

J. DEGREES CONFERRED**Degrees conferred between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2006**

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma / Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2000 Categories to Include
Agriculture				1
Natural resources/environmental science				3
Architecture				4
Area and ethnic studies				5
Communications/journalism				9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information sciences	6.5	2.7	14.1	11
Personal and culinary services		6.2		12
Education				13
Engineering		2.5		14
Engineering technologies	11.3	8.4		15
Foreign languages and literature				16
Family and consumer sciences		2		19
Law/legal studies				22
English				23
Liberal arts/general studies		18.3		24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences				26
Mathematics				27
Military science and technologies				29
Interdisciplinary studies				30
Parks and recreation				31
Philosophy and religious studies				38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences				40
Science technologies				41
Psychology				42
Security and protective services	8.1	18.5	54.9	43
Public administration and social services				44
Social sciences				45
Construction trades	13.7	1.2		46
Mechanic and repair technologies	28.2	4.2		47
Precision production				48
Transportation and materials moving				49
Visual and performing arts				50
Health professions and related sciences	26.6	21.2	19.7	51
Business/marketing	5.6	14.8	11.3	52
History				54
Other				
TOTAL (should = 100%)	100	100	100	

Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational
Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.
Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.
*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.
American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.
Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).
Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is <i>not</i> creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not
Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American
Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college
Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but <i>not</i> more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes
Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic
Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.
Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.
Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.
*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.
Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.
Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.
Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.
College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.
Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.
*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.
Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.
Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as
Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.
Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.
*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.
Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.
Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.
Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.
Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.
Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.
Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.
Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or
Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.
Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.
Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means
Doctoral degree: The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of
Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.
Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.
Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.
Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.
Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without
English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is
Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree.
External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal
Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student
First professional certificate (postdegree): An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or
First professional degree: An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school)
First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school)
First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours
Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.
*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.
Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.
Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.
Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or
Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.
*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.
High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.
Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin,
Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.
Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure
In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency
International student: See Nonresident alien .
Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.
*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.
*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).
Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through
Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.
Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.
*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience
Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.
*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.
Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.
Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and
Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's
Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.
Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.
Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.
Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—
<i>Less Than 1 Academic Year:</i> Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by
<i>At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years:</i> Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact
<i>At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years:</i> Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact
Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.
Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.
Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.
Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution .
Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.
Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.
Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in
Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.
Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious
*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.
*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.
Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such
Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208
Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).
Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations
Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.
Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.
Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session
Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).
Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.
Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or
Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.
Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.
Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.
Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course,
*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.
Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit,
Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.
*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to
*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect
Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.
Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space
Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on
White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).
*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.
Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's
Financial Aid Definitions
Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.
External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.
Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.
Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and should be included.
Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.
Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.
Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid
Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in