Acknowledgment

Project funded by the Woodside Scholars Senior Capstone Fund



Introduction



Figure 1: Incomplete 3D Print.



Figure 2: Box of PLA scraps

3D Printing is a fun hobby. But you know what's not fun? Wasted filament. 3D printing produces a lot of plastic waste that adds up over time, especially if you own a multicolor 3D printer. It can be from failed prints, support material, purged material, or just parts you don't want anymore. Instead of throwing it all away, there's a way to recycle all your scrap filament and turn it into fresh new filament that you can print with.

Background



Figure 3: Filabot EX2 Extruder. Used by Professor Matthew Burnett

This is a filament extruding machine made by Filabot. Filament scraps are shredded and then are inserted into the extruder on the right. The filament is then extruder and travels through the many fans in the middle to be cooled down. After being cooled, the filament is spooled using the spooler on the left and then the filament is



ready for use.

Filament made from the Filabot Extruder. Parts of the filament has bubbles in it, making it hard to use in a 3D Printer. This is caused by moisture being absorbed into the filament. Fluctuating temperatures is a problem as well.

Capstone Objective

Make a filament extruder machine that fixes some the Filabot's problem and compare their results.

Category	Criteria	
basic	Recycle PLA	
basic	Has no moisture problem	
basic	Tolerance of ±0.03mm	
basic	1.75mm diameter	
basic	User Manual	
performance	Fit in a small space	
performance	Quick recycling	
performance	Minimal User Input	
performance	Hatchbox like quality	
excitement	Process other plastics	



Figure 4: Filament Extruder by Hugh Lyman on Thingiverse

This is a filament extruder machine on Thingiverse in which my project is based on. Most of the layout is the same with some changes like a different spooler, roller instead of a pulley, different extruding base and an additional fan.

> Band Heater 120V Plastic Shredder Nipple 4"x1/2" NP Coupler 1/2" NPSC 2004 LCD Smart di 4 Pin Green Termi Thrust Bearing 1/2 Sleeve Bearing (63 5/8" x 17" Auger E 1/2" NPT x 1/4" fit 1/4" NPT x 1/8" fit 1/2" MNPT to 1/4' Welding Blanket Flange Floor 12V 10A 120W Po 100K ohm Thermis 120V rocker switcl 12 V rocker switch 250V power inlet Filament diameter Nema 23 geared st

Total shipping

Filament Recycling Machine

Daryll Walker

Mr. Cullen Haskins, Dr. Lucas Craig, Mechanical Engineering Technology, Capstone

Design Requirements

Preliminary Analysis

Budget

ltem	Quantity	Cost
,	1	\$38.89
	1	\$273.40
T steel pipe (44615K464)	1	\$2.80
Csteel (46685K264)	1	\$5.52
splay Screen	1	\$12.99
nal Block	1	\$3.95
2" ID (6655K17)	1	\$3.97
391K241)	1	\$2.09
Bit (Size 10/16")	1	\$17.78
:	1	\$6.99
: (2 pack)	1	\$8.67
' FNPT adapter	1	\$6.19
	1	\$13.95
	1	\$5.95
wer Supply	1	\$13.99
stor (W/ PTFE sleeving)	1	\$3.75
n 2 pack	1	\$3.55
5 pack (green)	1	\$6.99
1 pack	1	\$7.29
sensor (Assembled)	1	\$25.00
tepper motor 15:1	1	\$72.99
	1	\$94.22
	Total:	\$630.92

Construction

Shredder



Figure 5: Plastic Shredder made by Sustainable Design Studio



Figure 6:(Left) Shredder turned by using 19mm wrench, (Right) Box of shredded filament

My Machine



Figure 7: Assembled Filament Machine



Figure 8: Machine Wiring











The diameter sensor is to measure the diameter of the filament being produced. Filament needs to have 1.75mm diameter. The box is to hold and dry the shredded filament. A hygrometer is inserted into the lid of the box to measure the percentage of moisture in the box. Small desiccant beads are inserted into the hole, and those help keep the filament inside the box dry.

Complications

References

Lyman Extruder: https://www.thingiverse.com/thing:380987